

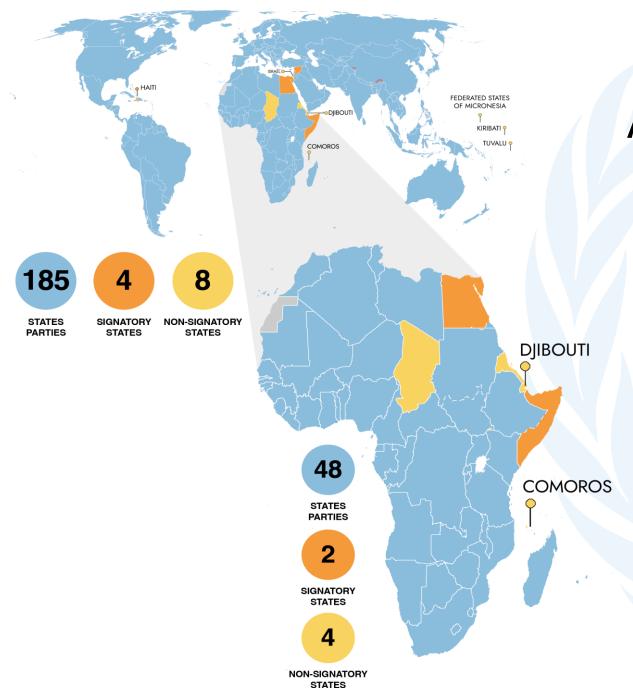
## Supporting the Universalization and Effective Implementation of the Biological Weapons Convention in Africa



**BWC Working Group Friends of the Chair Webinar Series: National Implementation** 08 May 2024

United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs Biological Weapons Convention





## Scope

#### All States in Africa, including non-States Parties



Assistance is available to all African States interested in joining the BWC and/or strengthening national implementation

## Support provided under the following projects

Global Partnership (GP) (- 2026) European Union Council Decision (- Dec 2023) France voluntary contribution (-Dec 2023)





## **Objectives**

Support is being provided to African States in line with the following objectives



Promoting universalization of the BWC in Africa



Providing legislative assistance

incl. in-house legal assistance



**Capacity-building**CBM preparation and submission; NCP training



**Supporting the designation** of National Contact Points



**Strengthening coordination** 

national coordination; awareness raising; facilitating 3rd party assistance (Art.X)





## What kind of support is available?

The following workshops and forums can be tailored to the needs and priorities of States



## Promoting universalization of the BWC in Africa

- National Workshop on Universalisation of the BWC
- Parliamentary Visit Programme



#### **Providing legislative assistance**

- National Legal Drafting Workshop
- National Legislative Review Programme
- National Legal Awareness-Raising Forum



#### Awareness-raising

- National Awareness-Raising and Sensitisation Workshop
- National Stakeholder Coordination and Awareness-Raising Forum



#### Training and capacity building

- Training Course on the Preparation and Submission of Confidence-Building Measures
- Training Course for National Contact Points



#### **Sponsorship Programme**

Facilitating the participation of national experts and officials to BWC Meetings in Geneva

UNODA will work with all States in Africa to assess implementation status, needs and priorities





# Activities 2023/2024

Ongoing implementation of national work plans and activities

## Awareness-Raising/CBM Workshops

- Sao Tome
- Namibia

and

- Zambia
- Principe
- Benin
- The Gambia
- Togo
- Burundi

#### **Upcoming activities**

- Guinea
- Nigeria
- Central
- Lesotho
- African Republic
- Rwanda
- Ghana

#### **Universalisation outreach**

Chad

Comoros

#### 5 Subregional workshops

- East Africa (Mombasa, Kenya)
- Central Africa (Douala, Cameroon)
- North Africa (Rabat, Morocco)
- West Africa (Lome, Togo)
- South Africa (Gaborone, Botswana)

#### **Legal workshops**

- Ghana
- Libya
- Kenya





## **Synergies and Collaboration**



Maximizing complementarities



Maximizing efficient use of resources



Enhancing visibility, impact and sustainability



Avoiding duplication of efforts

#### United Nations entities and international organizations

UN 1540 Committee; UNOCT; WHO; UNODC; UNIDIR; UNICRI; INTERPOL; WOAH; Africa CDC

#### **NGOs**

VERTIC; Global Emerging Pathogens Treatment Consortium (GET)

States providing bilateral assistance



## Status of BWC implementation

#### **ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT STATUS**

#### LEGISLATIVE IMPLEMENTATION

- ✓ States are making progress but adoption of national legislation is a slow process.
- ✓ Many States have draft laws pending government review.
- ✓ Very strong interest in legislative and regulatory frameworks relating to biosafety and biosecurity in countries across the continent.
- ✓ Few comprehensive legislative or regulatory regimes governing biosafety/biosecurity in the region and therefore few points of reference.
- ✓ Competing government and legislative priorities.

## Status of BWC implementation

#### ASSESSMENT OF CURRENT STATUS

#### **GENERAL IMPLEMENTATION**

- ✓ Lack of agreement or coordination, among relevant national stakeholders given broad sectoral impact (e.g., law enforcement, defence, health, customs, S&T, industry).
- ✓ Limited available biosafety and biosecurity training and therefore lack of trained personnel.
- ✓ Limited financial resources for biosafety/biosecurity infrastructure.
- ✓ Reporting fatigue
- ✓ Lack of appreciation of the complementarity between various disarmament regimes and concerns over duplication of effort.
- ✓ Confusion regarding available assistance
- ✓ Staff turnover

#### **GOOD PRACTICES**

- ✓ Systematised stakeholder communication
- ✓ South-South cooperation and engagement
- ✓ Knowledge sharing at the national level
- ✓ Coordination between various NCPs for the disarmament regimes (e.g. CBRN committees, WMD/non-proliferation councils)
- ✓ Stakeholder outreach and awareness-raising at the national level (e.g. policymakers, scientists, academia etc.)



#### This project is supported by













### Thank You!

**Biological Weapons Convention** United Nations Office for Disarmament Affairs

Email: <a href="mailto:bwc@un.org">bwc@un.org</a>

Project webpage





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